West Burton Solar Project

Environmental Statement Appendix 15.2: Acoustic Terminology

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Noise Unwanted or unexpected sound.

The number of cycles per second (i.e., the number of vibrations that Frequency (Hz)

occur in one second); subjectively this is perceived as pitch.

Frequency Spectrum

The relative frequency contributions that make up a noise.

"A" Weighting

(dB(A))

The human ear does not respond uniformly across the audible frequency range. The "A" weighting is commonly used to simulate the

frequency response of the ear.

The decibel is a logarithmic ratio of two values of a variable. The range Decibel (dB)

> of audible sound pressures is approximately 2 x 10⁻⁵ Pa to 200 Pa. Using decibel notation presents this range in a more manageable form, 0 dB

to 140 dB.

Sound Pressure Level (L_p)

Equal to 20 times the logarithm to the base 10 of the ratio of the root mean squared (RMS) sound pressure to the reference sound pressure.

In air the reference sound pressure is 2×10^{-5} Pa.

Mathematically: Sound Pressure Level (dB) =20 log_{10} {p(t) / P₀}

Where $P_0 = 2 \times 10^{-5} Pa$

Ambient Noise Level, L_{Aeq,T}

The equivalent continuous A-weighted sound pressure level of the totally encompassing sound in a given situation at a given time that is usually composed of sound from many sources near and far.

Background Noise Level LA90.T The A-weighted sound pressure level of the residual noise at the assessment position that is exceeded for 90% of a given time interval, T, measured using the fast time weighting, F, and quoted to the nearest whole number.

Reference Time Interval, Tr

The specified interval over which an equivalent continuous A-weighted sound pressure level is determined.

Specific Noise Level, LAeq,Tr

The equivalent continuous A-weighted sound pressure level at the assessment position produced by the specific noise source over a given reference time interval.

Rating Level,

 $L_{Ar,Tr}$

The specific noise level plus any adjustment for any characteristic features of the noise.

Level L_{A10.T}

The A-weighted sound pressure level exceeded for 10% of a given time interval, T, measured using the fast time weighting, F.



Between the quietest audible sound and the loudest tolerable sound, there is a ten million to one ratio in sound pressure (measured in pascals, Pa). Because of this wide range, a noise level scale based on logarithms is used in noise measurement called the decibel (dB) scale. Audibility of sound covers a range of approximately 0 to 140 dB.

Table A15.2.1: Sound Pressure Level in dB L_{pA} for Common Situations

Typical Noise Level, dB L _{pA}	Example
0	Threshold of hearing
30	Rural area at night, still air
40	Public library, refrigerator humming at 2m
50	Quiet office, no machinery; boiling kettle at 0.5m
60	Normal conversation
70	Telephone ringing at 2m, vacuum cleaner at 3m
80	General factory noise level
90	Heavy goods vehicle from pavement, powered lawnmower at operator's ear
100	Pneumatic drill at 5m
120	Discotheque – 1m in front of loudspeaker
140	Threshold of pain